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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/690,367	10/16/2000	Billy P. Taylor	28150.9	3086
27683	7590 06/14/2005		EXAM	INER
HAYNES AND BOONE, LLP			LUDWIG, MATTHEW J	
901 MAIN STREET, SUITE 3100 DALLAS, TX 75202			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2178	

DATE MAILED: 06/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/690,367	TAYLOR, BILLY P.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Matthew J. Ludwig	2178			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet with	h the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 Of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicatical. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a rejon. , a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT statute, cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. "HS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>04 April 2005</u> .				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for al	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>8-12,20-24 and 32-48</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) 8-12,20-24 and 32-48 is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or alaction requirement				
oj Cialin(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
	TO Examinor. Note the attached	Cince / (cinc) or 10111/1 / C 102.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		4444.4.4.1			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority docu	ments have been received				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the	*				
application from the International B	* **				
* See the attached detailed Office action for	a list of the certified copies not re	eceived.			
·					
Attachment(s)					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview Su	ummary (PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94	8) Paper No(s)	/Mail Date			
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>5/16/05</u>. 	5B/08) 5)	formal Patent Application (PTO-152) 			
.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Off	ice Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 2005			

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This action is in response to the Amendment received on April 4, 2005.
- 2. The rejection of Claims 8-12, 20-24, 32-48 under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Huffman have been withdrawn as necessitated by applicant's argument.
- 3. Claims 8-12, 20-24, and 32-48 are pending in the application. Claims 11, 23, and 35, are independent claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claim 11, 23, and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112 2nd Paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In reference to independent claim 11, 23, and 35, the limitations recite the phrase "in response to content within the first version, detecting a reference by the content at a first location within the paper". The Examiner does not understand what is meant by the term 'by the content' and believes the ambiguous nature of the chosen words leaves one of ordinary skill in the art without the knowledge of a distinct part of the content utilized for detection of a link. The Examiner's suggestion of changing said phrase to "in response to content contained in the first version, detecting a reference within the content of the first version at a first location within the paper" will overcome this rejection.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 8-12, 20-24, 32-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hennings et al., USPN 6,763,496 filed (3/31/99).

In reference to independent claim 11, Hennings teaches:

A web server program to provide access to the documents. A web server program is a computer program that allows a computer on the network to make documents available to the rest of the WWW or a private network. The documents are often hypertext documents in the HTML language, but may be other types of document objects as well, and may include images, audio, and/or video information. The information that is managed by the Web server includes hypertext documents that are stored on the server (compare to "storing a first version of a paper"). See column 4, lines 54-67. The reference utilizes a web server for storing various kinds of documents. Because HTML documents were known at the time the invention was made, to provide users with versions of papers, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide a web server to store various document objects and offer a user the added benefit of having multiple types of documents with contextual information to help the user to decide whether to visit the linked document.

Internet web browsers translate the HTML content of web page documents in order to display web pages. The HTML document contains a variety of markup and tag elements that are

retrieved and interpreted by the web browser, resulting in a display page (compare to "translating the first version into a second version of the paper, the second version being

displayable on a display device as a likeness of the paper"). See column 11, lines 10-20.

The data promotion engine parses through the content of the design page document in search of category_bot entries. When the data promotion engine comes to a "category_bot" entry, it parses through the contextual information files on the site to identify any documents that are assigned to a category matching the category indicated by the category_bot entry (compare to "in response to content within the first version, detecting a reference by the content at a first location within the paper, the detected reference being associated with a second location"). See column 17, lines 1-15.

The data promotion engine then generates the HTML code to insert hyperlinks into the pages that have been assigned to the matching category (compare to "forming a link within the second version between the first location and the second location, and the first..."). See column 17, lines 1-24.

In reference to dependent claim 8, Hennings teaches:

Hypertext links correspond to the parent documents of rhino.htm file and hippo.hym file respectively. A similar set of hypertext links are created that correspond to category list components. See column 17, 25-35.

In reference to dependent claim 9, Hennings teaches:

The browser contains JAVA script for displaying the design page on a browser. The data promotion engine is invoked to generate hyperlinks that correspond to each of the category list components in a given design page. See column 17, lines 1-13.

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In reference to dependent claim 10, Hennings teaches:

Hypertext links correspond to the parent documents of rhino.htm file and hippo.hym file respectively. A similar set of hypertext links are also created that correspond to category list components. See column 17, 25-35.

In reference to dependent claim 37, 41, and 45, Hennings teaches:

Hypertext links correspond to the parent documents of rhino.htm file and hippo.hym file respectively. A similar set of hypertext links are created that correspond to category list components. See column 17, 25-35.

In reference to dependent claim 38, 42, and 46, and Hennings teaches:

A web server program to provide access to the documents. A web server program is a computer program that allows a computer on the network to make documents available to the rest of the WWW or a private network. The documents are often hypertext documents in the HTML language, but may be other types of document objects as well, and may include images, audio, and/or video information. The information that is managed by the Web server includes hypertext documents that are stored on the server. See column 4, lines 54-67.

In reference to dependent claim 39, 43, and 47, Hennings teaches:

A web server program to provide access to the documents. A web server program is a computer program that allows a computer on the network to make documents available to the rest of the WWW or a private network. The documents are often hypertext documents in the HTML language, but may be other types of document objects as well, and may include images,

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audio, and/or video information. The information that is managed by the Web server includes

hypertext documents that are stored on the server. See column 4, lines 54-67.

In reference to dependent claim 40, 44, and 48, Hennings teaches:

Internet web browsers translate the HTML content of web page documents in order to

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display web pages. The HTML document contains a variety of markup and tag elements that are

retrieved and interpreted by the web browser, resulting in a display page. See column 11, lines

10-20.

In reference to dependent claim 12, Hennings teaches:

The data promotion engine keeps a record of the locations of the parent documents (the

document to which the contextual information file corresponds). See column 17, lines 15-24.

In reference to claims 20-24, the claims reflect the system comprising computer readable

instructions used for performing the methods as claimed in 8-12, respectively, and therefore are

rejected under similar rationale.

In reference to claims 32-36, the claims reflect the computer program product comprising

computer readable instructions used for performing the methods as claimed in 8-12, respectively,

and therefore are rejected under similar rationale.

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure.

Taylor

USPN 6,850,260

filed (10/16/2000)

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Matthew J. Ludwig whose telephone number is 571-272-4127. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Hong can be reached on 571-272-4124. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

ML June 6, 2005

STÉPHEN HONG